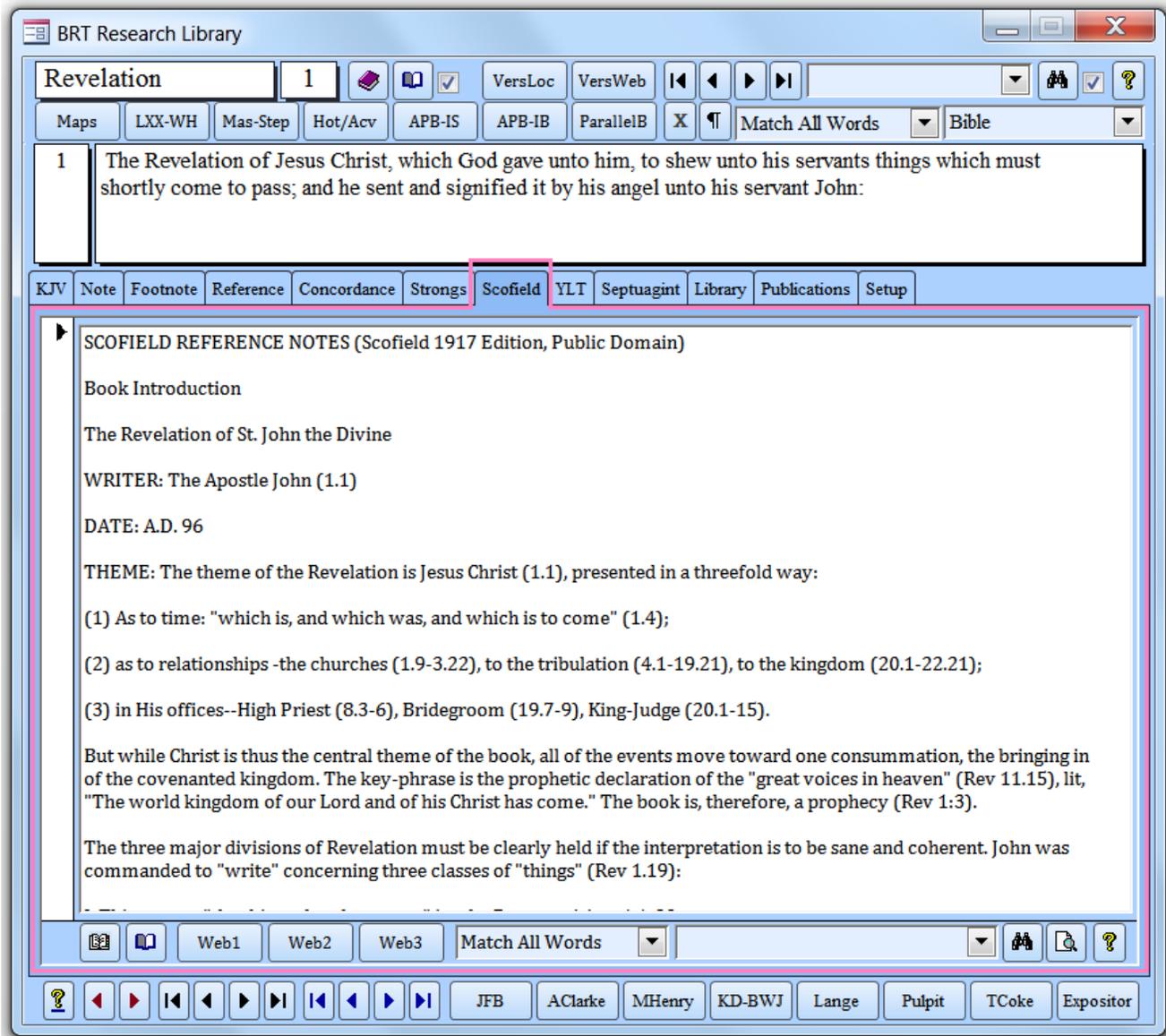


Research Library

Scofield Notes Form Help

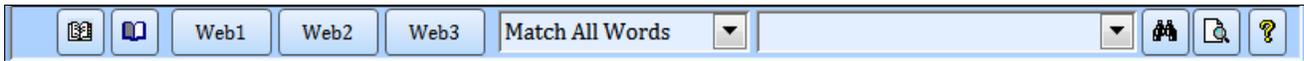
Click the Scofield Tab to display the Scofield Reference Notes Form.



Background

This form contains the interpretive notes of Cyrus Ingerson Scofield found in the 1917 Edition of the Scofield Reference Bible published by Oxford University Press. The notes are linked to the Bible verses in which they are found.

Bottom Objects



From left to right:

Book View Button: view all notes for the Active Book in Viewer.

Chapter View Button: view all notes for the Active Chapter in Viewer.

Web Buttons (3): user-defined Web Buttons to link to Web Sites.

Criteria Selection Box: select the Search Criteria for the Search Box.

Search Box: enter the Search Text.

Search Button: search Scofield Notes for Search Text.

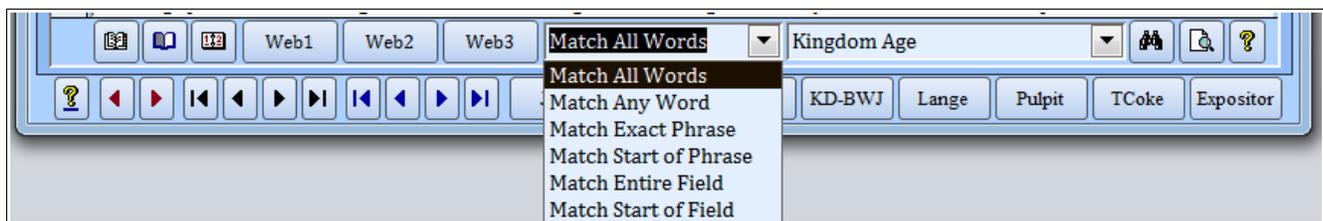
Preview Button: view Search Results in Viewer.

Help Button: this file.

The [Viewer Selector](#) is located in the upper right portion of the Main Form.

Searching Scofield Notes

The Scofield Notes form uses the [Main Form Search Engine](#), and therefore inherits all the power and flexibility of that engine. There are six Search Criteria:



The following Search Results are generated when the Search Text, "Kingdom Age", is entered into the Search Box and the Search Criteria, "Match All Words", is selected. The following is a small excerpt of the 37 records found containing both words:

Verse	Note
Isa 11:1	[1] The Davidic kingdom The order of events in Isa. 10., 11., is noteworthy. Isa. 10. gives the distress of the Remnant in Palestine in the great tribulation. Ps 2:5, Rev 7:14 and the approach and destruction of the Gentile host under the Beast. Dan 7:8, Rev 19:20. Is. 11. immediately follows with its glorious picture of the kingdom-age . Precisely the same order is found in Rev 19., 20. (See " Kingdom ," O.T., Gen 1:26-28, Zech 12:8 N.T. Lk 1:31-33, 1Cor 15:28. Also See Scofield Note: "Mt 3:2" See Scofield Note: "Mt 6:33".
Isa 42:6	[2] for a light of the Gentiles The prophets connect the Gentiles with Christ in a threefold way" (1) as the Light He brings salvation to the Gentiles Lk 2:32, Acts 13:47,48 (2) as the "Root of Jesse" He is to reign over the Gentiles in His kingdom . Isa 11:10, Rom 15:12. He saves the Gentiles which is the distinctive feature of this present age. Rom 11:17-24, Eph 2:11-12, He saves

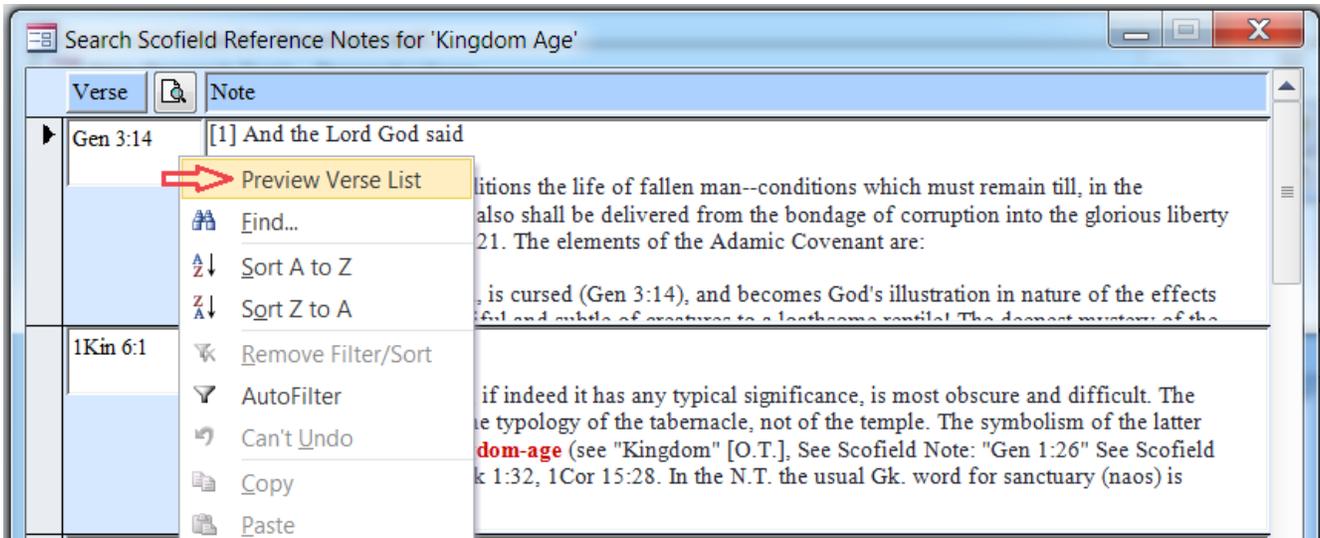
Changing the Search Criteria to "Match Exact Phrase" would refine the results to 21 records due to the exact search text requirement. The results include hyphenated phrases, as shown below:

Verse	Note
Gen 3:14	[1] And the Lord God said The Adamic Covenant conditions the life of fallen man--conditions which must remain till, in the kingdom age , "the creation also shall be delivered from the bondage of corruption into the glorious liberty of the sons of God" Rom 8:21. The elements of the Adamic Covenant are: (1) The serpent, Satan's tool, is cursed (Gen 3:14), and becomes God's illustration in nature of the effects of sin, from the most beautiful and subtle of creatures to a loathsome reptile! The deepest mystery of the
1Kin 6:1	[1] the house of the Lord The typology of the temple, if indeed it has any typical significance, is most obscure and difficult. The N.T. invariably expounds the typology of the tabernacle, not of the temple. The symbolism of the latter may be revealed in the kingdom-age [see "Kingdom" [O.T.], See Scofield Note: "Gen 1:26" See Scofield Note: "Zech 12:8" [N.T.], Lk 1:32, 1Cor 15:28. In the N.T. the usual Gk. word for sanctuary (naos) is used
1Chr 11:5	[1] castle of Zion Heb. castle. (1) Zion, the ancient Jebusite stronghold, is the southwest eminence in Jerusalem, called in Scripture the city of David, and associated with the Davidic royalty both historically and prophetically 1Chr 11:7, Ps 2:6, Isa 2:3. The word is often used of the whole city of Jerusalem considered as the city of God Ps 48:2,3 especially in passages referring to the future kingdom age Isa 1:27, 2:2, 4:1, 6, Joel 2:16, Zech 1:16, 17

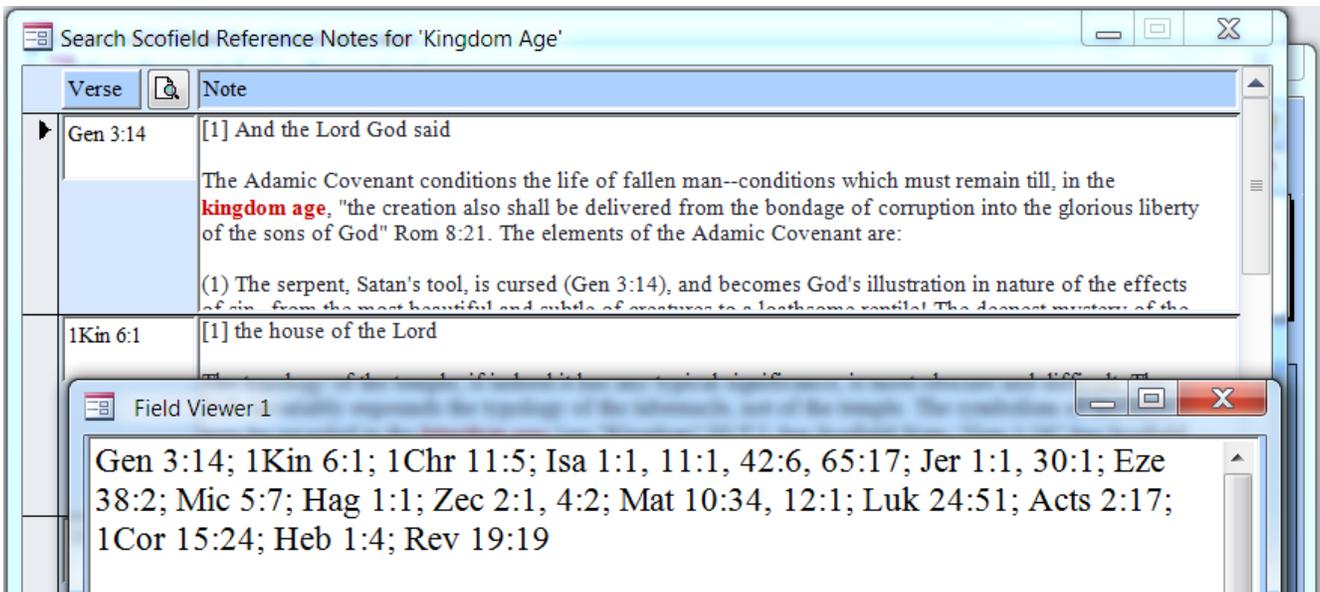
If the Search Text itself is hyphenated, only matching hyphenated words will be displayed.

Verse List

A list of the verses in Search Results forms can be generated and previewed in a Field Viewer by right-clicking in the Verse column and selecting **Preview Verse List**:

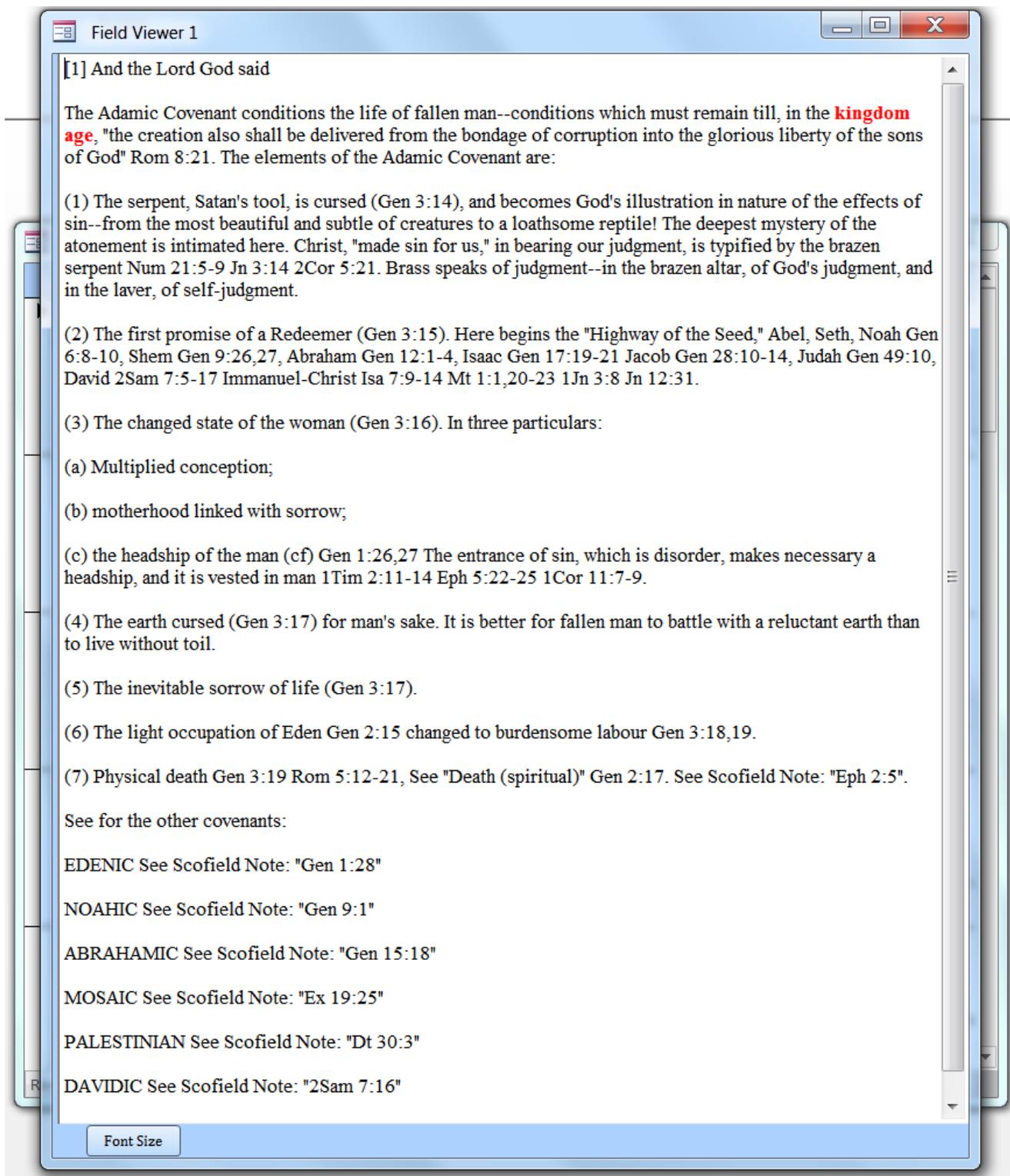


The verses displayed in the Field Viewer can be individually accessed using [Bible Verse Recognition](#), which is explained in more detail in General Help.



Scofield Notes in Field View

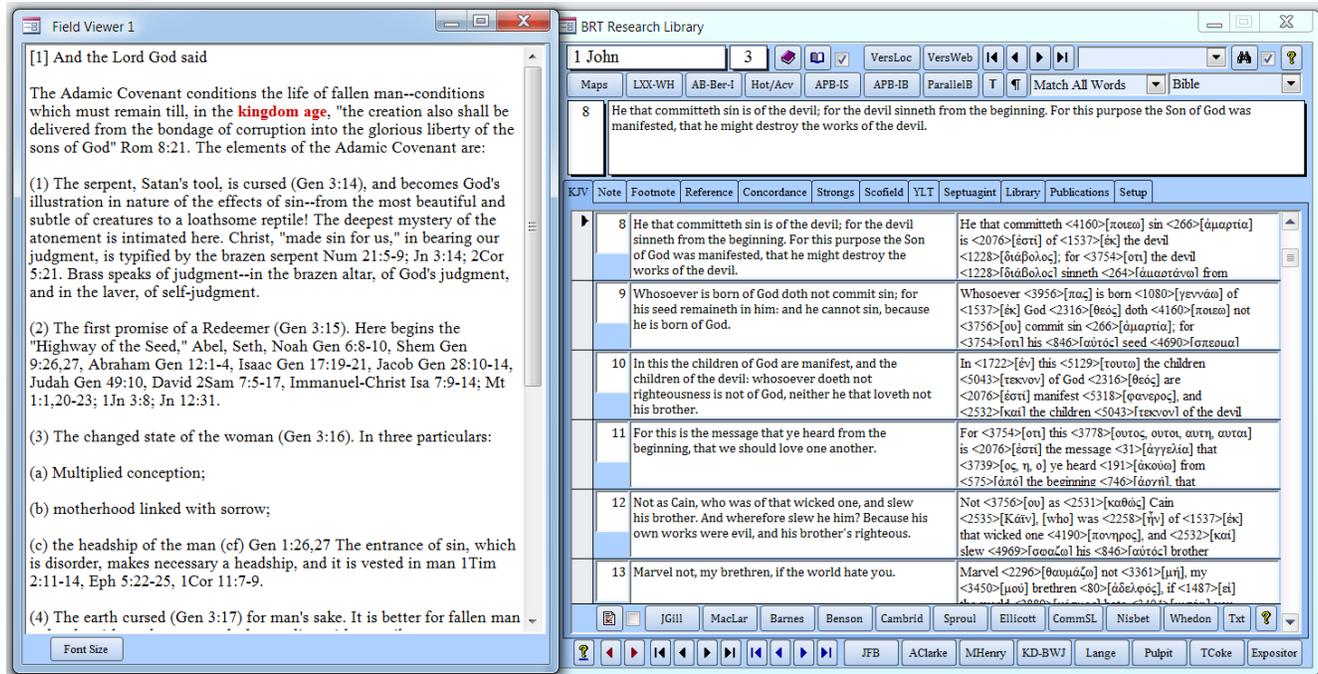
To open a Note in the [Field Viewer](#), in either the Search Results or the Scofield Form, double-click the Note. For example, double-click anywhere in the Note text box for Genesis 3:14 (above) to display that Note in the Field Viewer, as shown below:



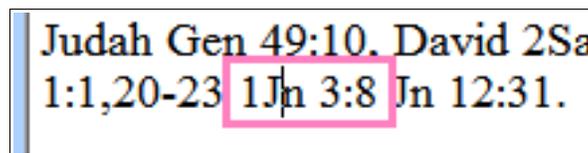
In this example, the Field Viewer was "stretched" (resized) in height, and the font size was reduced, to make room for the note text. If the Field Viewer is moved to the side, e.g., to the left of the Main Form, and the Search Results Form is closed, the power of [Bible Verse Recognition](#) can be utilized, as explained below:

Bible Verse Recognition and Scofield's Notes

The Bible Verse Recognition function, explained in [General Help](#), will recognize every verse, or the first verse in a range of verses, in Scofield's Note for Genesis 3:14.



For example, the highlighted portion is a reference to 1st John 3:8. In the highlighted portion, magnified below, the vertical cursor line where the note was “double-clicked” (between the “J” and “n”) is clearly visible:

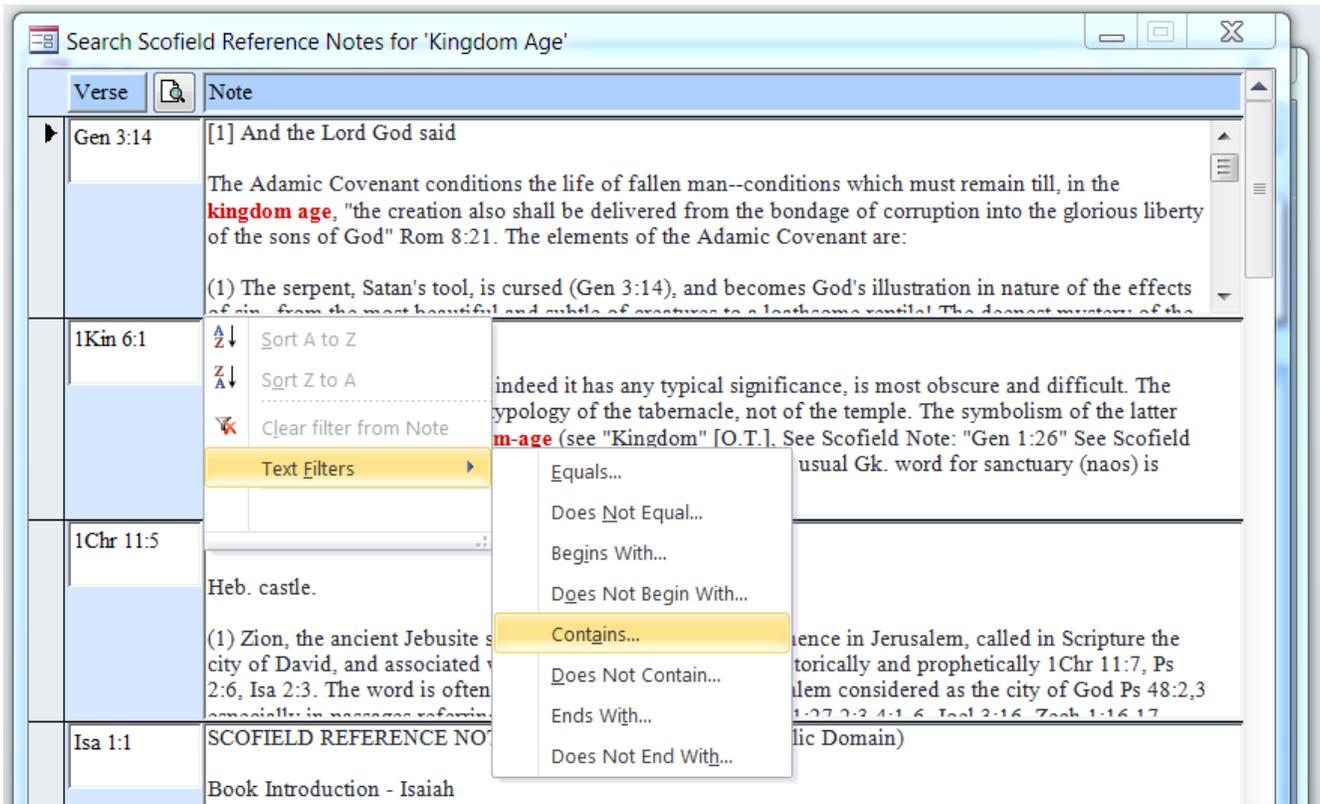


Keep in mind this does not always work as expected. There are a myriad of ways to represent Bible verses. There are also “uncooperative” characters that make their way into the text (particularly when copying from the Internet) which can cause the cursor position to be mislocated (a few examples are found in this Note by Scofield). In these instances, move the cursor position a “place or two” to the right, and retry. See the Verse Recognition “[Rules of Thumb](#)” in General Help for more information.

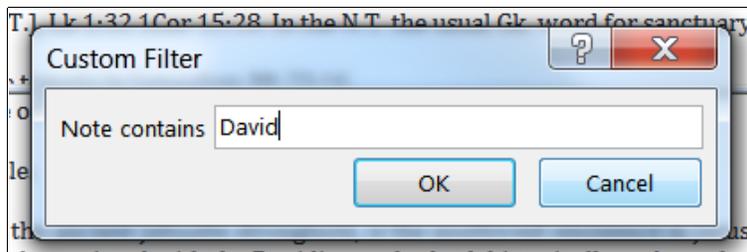
Click the "X" in the upper right corner of the Field Viewer to close it.

Filtering

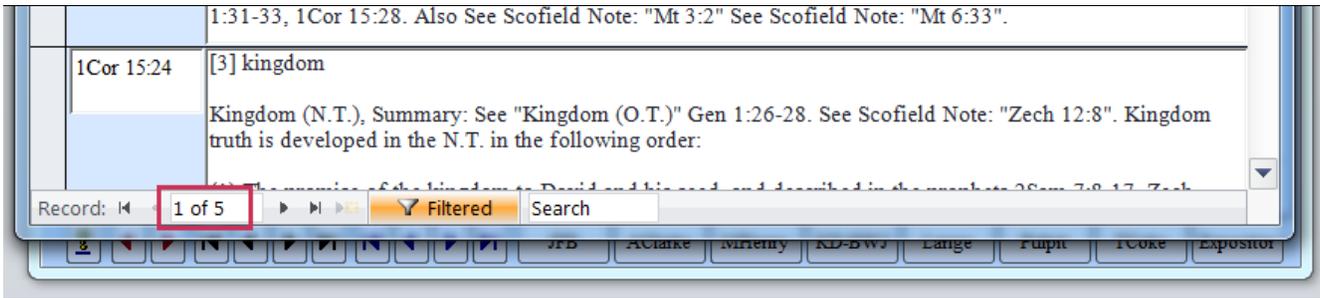
[Filtering](#) provides a method to restrict or refine a recordset, such as the previous Search Results, to eliminate unrelated data. Scofield Notes search results can be filtered by right-clicking in the Note field, then **AutoFilter**, and finally by selecting one of the filter options listed in the **Text Filters** menu:



To illustrate the power of filtering, select the "Contains" filter from the menu to pop up the Custom Filter form; then type in "David", as shown:

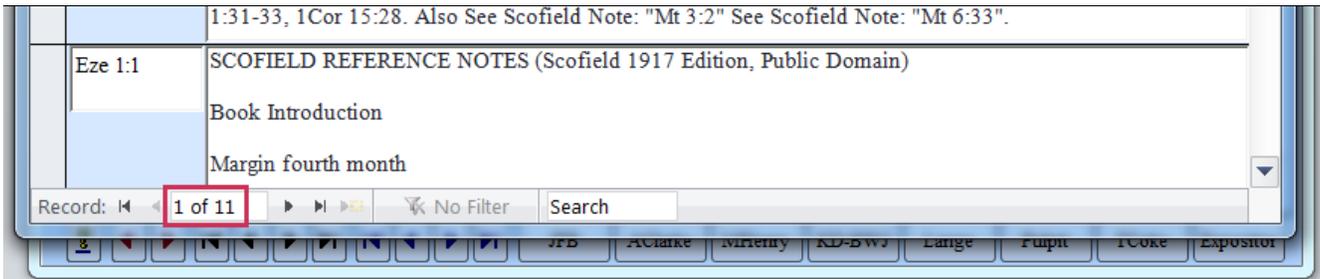


Assume the "research target" is to determine the relationship of "Kingdom Age" and "David" within Scofield's Notes. When the **OK Button** is pressed, the Search Results are narrowed from 21 records to 5, resulting in a considerably less research time to achieve the target:



What happens if all three words are simultaneously searched? The Search Criteria would have to be "Match All Words", which means some coincidental data might be included in the Search Results, such as records that contain "kingdom", "age", and "David", but not "Kingdom Age" as a phrase.

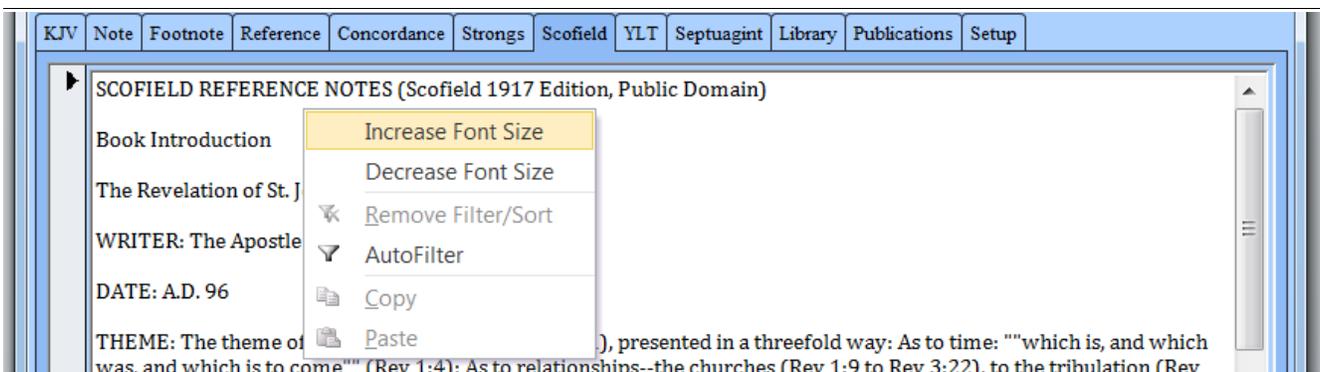
That is exactly what happens. A Search Text of "Kingdom Age David" yields 11 records, or more than double the records returned by selective filtering:



As demonstrated, proper filtering can be a powerful time-saving tool.

Font Resizing

Right-click in the Note window to resize the Note Font:



--- End of Scofield Notes Form Help ---